

# Package: ffscrapr (via r-universe)

August 13, 2024

**Type** Package

**Title** API Client for Fantasy Football League Platforms

**Version** 1.4.8.18

**Description** Helps access various Fantasy Football APIs by handling authentication and rate-limiting, forming appropriate calls, and returning tidy dataframes which can be easily connected to other data sources.

**License** MIT + file LICENSE

**URL** <https://ffscrapr.ffverse.com>, <https://github.com/ffverse/ffscrapr>

**BugReports** <https://github.com/ffverse/ffscrapr/issues>

**Depends** R (>= 3.6.0)

**Imports** cachem (>= 1.0.0), checkmate (>= 2.0.0), cli (>= 3.0.0), data.table (>= 1.14.8), dplyr (>= 1.0.0), glue (>= 1.3.0), httr (>= 1.4.0), jsonlite (>= 1.6.0), lifecycle (>= 1.0.0), magrittr (>= 1.5.0), nflreadr (>= 1.2.0), memoise (>= 2.0.0), purrr (>= 0.3.0), rappdirs (>= 0.3.0), ratelimitr (>= 0.4.0), rlang (>= 0.4.0), stringr (>= 1.4.0), tibble (>= 3.0.0), tidyr (>= 1.0.0)

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**VignetteBuilder** knitr

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**Roxygen** list(markdown = TRUE)

**Repository** <https://ffverse.r-universe.dev>

**RemoteUrl** <https://github.com/ffverse/ffscrapr>

**RemoteRef** main

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clear_cache	<i>Empty Function Cache</i>
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**Description**

This function will reset the cache for any and all ffscraper cached functions, as well as nflreadr's cached functions.

**Usage**

```
clear_cache()
```

---

dp_clean_html	<i>Remove HTML from string</i>
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**Description**

Applies some regex to clean html tags from strings. This is useful for platforms such as MFL that interpret HTML in their franchise name fields.

**Usage**

```
dp_clean_html(names)
```

**Arguments**

names	a character (or character vector)
-------	-----------------------------------

**Value**

a character vector of cleaned strings

**Examples**

```
c(
  "<b><font color= Cyan>Kevin OBrien (@kevinobrienff) </FONT></B>",
  "<em><font color= Purple> Other fun names</font></em>"
) %>% dp_clean_html()
```

dp\_clean\_names

*Clean Player Names***Description**

Applies some name-cleaning heuristics to facilitate joins. These heuristics may include:

- removing periods and apostrophes
- removing common suffixes, such as Jr, Sr, II, III, IV
- converting to lowercase
- using `ffscrpr::dp_name_mapping` to do common name substitutions, such as Mitch Trubisky to Mitchell Trubisky

**Usage**

```
dp_clean_names(...)
```

```
dp_cleannames(...)
```

**Arguments**

```
...           Arguments passed on to nflreadr::clean_player_names
player_name  a character vector of player names
lowercase    defaults to FALSE - if TRUE, converts to lowercase
convert_lastfirst defaults to TRUE - converts names from "Last, First" to
              "First Last"
use_name_database uses internal name database to do common substitutions
              (Mitchell Trubisky to Mitch Trubisky etc)
```

**Details**

Equivalent to the operation done by `ffscrpr::dp_clean_names()` and uses the same player name database.

**Value**

a character vector of cleaned names

**See Also**

```
nflreadr::clean_player_names()
```

**Examples**

```
dp_cleannames(c("A.J. Green", "Odell Beckham Jr.", "Le'Veon Bell Sr."))

dp_cleannames(c("Trubisky, Mitch", "Atwell, Chatarius", "Elliott, Zeke", "Elijah Moore"),
  convert_lastfirst = TRUE,
  use_name_database = TRUE
)
```

---

dp_playerids	<i>Import latest DynastyProcess player IDs</i>
--------------	--

---

**Description**

Fetches a copy of the latest DynastyProcess player IDs csv

**Usage**

```
dp_playerids()
```

**Value**

a tibble of player IDs

**See Also**

<https://github.com/DynastyProcess/data>

**Examples**

```
try( # try only shown here because sometimes CRAN checks are weird
  dp_playerids()
)
```

---

dp_values	<i>Import latest DynastyProcess values</i>
-----------	--

---

**Description**

Fetches a copy of the latest DynastyProcess dynasty trade values sheets

**Usage**

```
dp_values(file = c("values.csv", "values-players.csv", "values-picks.csv"))
```

**Arguments**

file	one of c("values.csv", "values-players.csv", "values-picks.csv")
------	--

**Value**

a tibble of trade values from DynastyProcess

**See Also**

<https://github.com/DynastyProcess/data>

**Examples**

```
try( # try only shown here because sometimes CRAN checks are weird
  dp_values()
)
```

---

espn_connect	<i>Connect to ESPN League</i>
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---

**Description**

This function creates a connection object which stores parameters and a user ID if available.

**Usage**

```
espn_connect(
  season = NULL,
  league_id = NULL,
  swid = NULL,
  espn_s2 = NULL,
  user_agent = NULL,
  rate_limit = TRUE,
  rate_limit_number = NULL,
  rate_limit_seconds = NULL,
  ...
)
```

**Arguments**

season	Season to access on Fleaflicker - if missing, will guess based on system date (current year if March or later, otherwise previous year)
league_id	League ID
swid	SWID parameter for accessing private leagues - see vignette for details
espn_s2	ESPN_S2 parameter for accessing private leagues - see vignette for details
user_agent	User agent to self-identify (optional)
rate_limit	TRUE by default - turn off rate limiting with FALSE
rate_limit_number	number of calls per rate_limit_seconds, suggested is under 1000 calls per 60 seconds
rate_limit_seconds	number of seconds as denominator for rate_limit
...	other arguments (for other methods, for R compat)

**Value**

a list that stores ESPN connection objects

**Examples**

```
conn <- espn_connect(
  season = 2018,
  league_id = 1178049,
  espn_s2 = Sys.getenv("TAN_ESPN_S2"),
  swid = Sys.getenv("TAN_SWID")
)
```

---

espn_getendpoint	<i>GET ESPN fantasy league endpoint</i>
------------------	---

---

## Description

This function is used to call the ESPN Fantasy API for league-based endpoints.

## Usage

```
espn_getendpoint(conn, ..., x_fantasy_filter = NULL)
```

## Arguments

conn	a connection object created by <code>espn_connect</code> or <code>ff_connect()</code>
...	Arguments which will be passed as "argumentname = argument" in an HTTP query parameter
x_fantasy_filter	a JSON-encoded character string that specifies a filter for the data

## Details

The ESPN Fantasy API is undocumented and this should be used by advanced users familiar with the API.

It chooses the correct league endpoint based on the year (eg `leagueHistory` for <2018), checks the `x_fantasy_filter` for valid JSON input, builds a url with any optional query parameters, and executes the request with authentication and rate limiting.

HTTP query parameters (i.e. arguments to ...) are Case Sensitive.

Please see the vignette for more on usage.

## Value

A list object containing the query, response, and parsed content.

## See Also

```
vignette("espn_getendpoint")
espn_getendpoint_raw
```



---

espn_getendpoint_raw	<i>GET ESPN endpoint (raw)</i>
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---

**Description**

This function is the lower-level function that powers the API call: it takes a URL and headers and executes the http request with rate-limiting and authentication. It checks for JSON return and any warnings/errors, parses the json, and returns an `espn_api` object with the parsed content, the raw response, and the actual query.

**Usage**

```
espn_getendpoint_raw(conn, url_query, ...)
```

**Arguments**

<code>conn</code>	a connection object created by <code>ff_connect</code> or equivalent - used for authentication
<code>url_query</code>	a fully-formed URL to call
<code>...</code>	any headers or other httr request objects to pass along

**Value**

object of class `espn_api` with parsed content, request, and response

**See Also**

`espn_getendpoint()` - a higher level wrapper that checks JSON and prepares the url query  
`vignette("espn_getendpoint")`

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espn_players	<i>ESPN players library</i>
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**Description**

A cached table of ESPN NFL players. Will store in memory for each session! (via memoise in `zzz.R`)

**Usage**

```
espn_players(conn = NULL, season = NULL)
```

**Arguments**

<code>conn</code>	a connection object created by <code>espn_connect</code> or <code>ff_connect()</code>
<code>season</code>	a season to fetch

**Value**

a dataframe containing all ~2000+ active players in the ESPN database

**Examples**

```
try({ # try only shown here because sometimes CRAN checks are weird
  conn <- espn_connect(season = 2020, league_id = 1178049)
  espn_players(conn, season = 2020)
}) # end try
```

---

espn_potentialpoints	<i>ESPN Potential Points</i>
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**Description**

This function calculates the optimal starters for a given week, using some lineup heuristics.

**Usage**

```
espn_potentialpoints(conn, weeks = 1:17)
```

**Arguments**

conn	the list object created by <code>ff_connect()</code>
weeks	a numeric vector for determining which weeks to calculate

**Value**

a tibble with the best lineup for each team and whether they were started or not

**Examples**

```
try({ # try only shown here because sometimes CRAN checks are weird
  conn <- espn_connect(season = 2021, league_id = 950665)
  espn_potentialpoints(conn, weeks = 1)
}) # end try
```

---

ffverse_sitrep	<i>ffverse sitrep</i>
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**Description**

See `nflreadr::ffverse_sitrep` for details.

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ff_connect	<i>Connect to a League</i>
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**Description**

This function creates a connection object which stores parameters and gets a login-cookie if available - it does so by passing arguments to the appropriate league-based handler.

**Usage**

```
ff_connect(platform = "mfl", league_id = NULL, ...)
```

**Arguments**

platform	one of MFL or Sleeper (Fleaflicker, ESPN, Yahoo in approximate priority order going forward)
league_id	league_id (currently assuming one league at a time)
...	other parameters passed to the connect function for each specific platform.

**Value**

a connection object to be used with ff\_\* functions

**See Also**

[mfl\\_connect\(\)](#), [sleeper\\_connect\(\)](#), [fleaflicker\\_connect\(\)](#), [espn\\_connect\(\)](#)

**Examples**

```
ff_connect(platform = "mfl", season = 2019, league_id = 54040, rate_limit = FALSE)
```

---

ff_draft	<i>Get Draft Results</i>
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---

**Description**

This function gets a tidy dataframe of draft results for the current year. Can handle MFL devy drafts or startup drafts by specifying the custom\_players argument

**Usage**

```
ff_draft(conn, ...)

## S3 method for class 'espn_conn'
ff_draft(conn, ...)

## S3 method for class 'flea_conn'
ff_draft(conn, ...)

## S3 method for class 'mfl_conn'
ff_draft(conn, custom_players = deprecated(), ...)

## S3 method for class 'sleeper_conn'
ff_draft(conn, ...)
```

**Arguments**

conn                    a conn object created by ff\_connect()  
 ...                    args for other methods  
 custom\_players   **[Deprecated]** - now returns custom players by default

**Value**

A tidy dataframe of draft results

**Methods (by class)**

- ff\_draft(espn\_conn): ESPN: returns the current year's draft/auction, including details on keepers
- ff\_draft(flea\_conn): Fleaflicker: returns a table of drafts for the current year
- ff\_draft(mfl\_conn): MFL: returns a table of drafts for the current year - can handle devy/startup-rookie-picks by specifying custom\_players (slower!)
- ff\_draft(sleeper\_conn): Sleeper: returns a dataframe of all drafts and draft selections, if available.

**Examples**

```
try({ # try only shown here because sometimes CRAN checks are weird
  conn <- espn_connect(season = 2020, league_id = 899513)
  ff_draft(conn)
}) # end try
```

```
try({ # try only shown here because sometimes CRAN checks are weird
  conn <- fleaflicker_connect(season = 2020, league_id = 206154)
  ff_draft(conn)
}) # end try
```

```

try({ # try only shown here because sometimes CRAN checks are weird
  ssb_conn <- ff_connect(platform = "mfl", league_id = 54040, season = 2020)
  ff_draft(ssb_conn)
}) # end try

try({ # try only shown here because sometimes CRAN checks are weird
  jml_conn <- ff_connect(platform = "sleeper", league_id = "522458773317046272", season = 2020)
  ff_draft(jml_conn)
}) # end try

```

ff\_draftpicks

*Get Draft Picks***Description**

Returns all draft picks (current and future) that belong to a specific franchise and have not yet been converted into players (i.e. selected.)

**Usage**

```

ff_draftpicks(conn, ...)

## S3 method for class 'espn_conn'
ff_draftpicks(conn, ...)

## S3 method for class 'flea_conn'
ff_draftpicks(conn, franchise_id = NULL, ...)

## S3 method for class 'mfl_conn'
ff_draftpicks(conn, ...)

## S3 method for class 'sleeper_conn'
ff_draftpicks(conn, ...)

```

**Arguments**

conn	the list object created by ff_connect()
...	other arguments (currently unused)
franchise_id	A list of franchise IDs to pull, if NULL will return all franchise IDs

**Value**

Returns a dataframe with current and future draft picks for each franchise

**Methods (by class)**

- `ff_draftpicks(espn_conn)`: ESPN: does not support future/draft pick trades - for draft results, please use `ff_draft`.
- `ff_draftpicks(flea_conn)`: Fleaflicker: retrieves current and future draft picks, potentially for a specified team.
- `ff_draftpicks(mfl_conn)`: MFL: returns current and future picks
- `ff_draftpicks(sleeper_conn)`: Sleeper: retrieves current and future draft picks

**Examples**

```
try({ # try only shown here because sometimes CRAN checks are weird
  conn <- espn_connect(
    season = 2018,
    league_id = 1178049,
    espn_s2 = Sys.getenv("TAN_ESPN_S2"),
    swid = Sys.getenv("TAN_SWID")
  )

  ff_draftpicks(conn)
}) # end try
```

```
try({ # try only shown here because sometimes CRAN checks are weird
  conn <- fleaflicker_connect(2020, 206154)
  ff_draftpicks(conn, franchise_id = 1373475)
}) # end try
```

```
try({ # try only shown here because sometimes CRAN checks are weird
  dlf_conn <- mfl_connect(2020, league_id = 37920)
  ff_draftpicks(conn = dlf_conn)
}) # end try
```

```
try({ # try only shown here because sometimes CRAN checks are weird
  jml_conn <- ff_connect(platform = "sleeper", league_id = "522458773317046272", season = 2020)
  ff_draftpicks(jml_conn)
}) # end try
```

---

ff_franchises	<i>Get League Franchises</i>
---------------	------------------------------

---

## Description

Return franchise-level data (including divisions, usernames, etc) - available data may vary slightly based on platform.

## Usage

```
ff_franchises(conn)

## S3 method for class 'espn_conn'
ff_franchises(conn)

## S3 method for class 'flea_conn'
ff_franchises(conn)

## S3 method for class 'mfl_conn'
ff_franchises(conn)

## S3 method for class 'sleeper_conn'
ff_franchises(conn)
```

## Arguments

conn                    a conn object created by ff\_connect()

## Value

A tidy dataframe of franchises, complete with IDs

## Methods (by class)

- ff\_franchises(espn\_conn): ESPN: returns franchise and division information.
- ff\_franchises(flea\_conn): Fleaflicker: returns franchise and division information.
- ff\_franchises(mfl\_conn): MFL: returns franchise and division information.
- ff\_franchises(sleeper\_conn): Sleeper: retrieves a list of franchise information, including user IDs and co-owner IDs.

## Examples

```
try({ # try only shown here because sometimes CRAN checks are weird

  conn <- espn_connect(season = 2020, league_id = 1178049)

  ff_franchises(conn)
```

```

}) # end try

try({ # try only shown here because sometimes CRAN checks are weird
  conn <- fleaflutter_connect(season = 2020, league_id = 206154)
  ff_franchises(conn)
}) # end try

try({ # try only shown here because sometimes CRAN checks are weird
  ssb_conn <- ff_connect(platform = "mfl", league_id = 54040, season = 2020)
  ff_franchises(ssb_conn)
}) # end try

try({ # try only shown here because sometimes CRAN checks are weird
  jml_conn <- ff_connect(platform = "sleeper", league_id = "522458773317046272", season = 2020)
  ff_franchises(jml_conn)
}) # end try

```

---

ff\_league

*Get League Summary*


---

## Description

This function returns a tidy dataframe of common league settings, including details like "1QB" or "2QB/SF", scoring, best ball, team count, IDP etc. This is potentially useful in summarising the features of multiple leagues.

## Usage

```

ff_league(conn)

## S3 method for class 'espn_conn'
ff_league(conn)

## S3 method for class 'flea_conn'
ff_league(conn)

## S3 method for class 'mfl_conn'
ff_league(conn)

## S3 method for class 'sleeper_conn'
ff_league(conn)

```



**Arguments**

conn                      the connection object created by `ff_connect()`

**Value**

A one-row summary of each league's main features.

**Methods (by class)**

- `ff_league(espn_conn)`: ESPN: returns a summary of league features.
- `ff_league(flea_conn)`: Flea: returns a summary of league features.
- `ff_league(mfl_conn)`: MFL: returns a summary of league features.
- `ff_league(sleeper_conn)`: Sleeper: returns a summary of league features.

**Examples**

```
try({ # try only shown here because sometimes CRAN checks are weird
  conn <- espn_connect(season = 2020, league_id = 899513)

  ff_league(conn)
}) # end try
```

```
try({ # try only shown here because sometimes CRAN checks are weird
  conn <- fleaflicker_connect(2020, 206154)
  ff_league(conn)
}) # end try
```

```
try({ # try only shown here because sometimes CRAN checks are weird
  ssb_conn <- ff_connect(platform = "mfl", league_id = 22627, season = 2021)
  ff_league(ssb_conn)
}) # end try
```

```
try({ # try only shown here because sometimes CRAN checks are weird
  jml_conn <- ff_connect(platform = "sleeper", league_id = "522458773317046272", season = 2020)
  ff_league(jml_conn)
}) # end try
```

---

ff_playerscores	<i>Get Player Scoring History</i>
-----------------	-----------------------------------

---

**Description**

This function returns a tidy dataframe of player scores based on league rules.

Unfortunately, Sleeper has deprecated their player stats endpoint from their supported/open API. Please see `ff_scoringhistory()` for an alternative reconstruction.

**Usage**

```
ff_playerscores(conn, ...)

## S3 method for class 'espn_conn'
ff_playerscores(conn, limit = 1000, ...)

## S3 method for class 'flea_conn'
ff_playerscores(conn, page_limit = NULL, ...)

## S3 method for class 'mfl_conn'
ff_playerscores(conn, season, week, ...)

## S3 method for class 'sleeper_conn'
ff_playerscores(conn, ...)
```

**Arguments**

<code>conn</code>	the list object created by <code>ff_connect()</code>
<code>...</code>	other arguments (currently unused)
<code>limit</code>	A numeric describing the number of players to return - default 1000
<code>page_limit</code>	A numeric describing the number of pages to return - default NULL returns all available
<code>season</code>	the season of interest - generally only the most recent 2-3 seasons are available
<code>week</code>	a numeric vector (ie 1:17) or one of YTD (year-to-date) or AVG (average to date)

**Value**

A tibble of historical player scoring

**Methods (by class)**

- `ff_playerscores(espn_conn)`: ESPN: returns total points for season and average per game, for both current and previous season.

- `ff_playerscores(flea_conn)`: Fleaflicker: returns the season, season average, and standard deviation
- `ff_playerscores(mfl_conn)`: MFL: returns the player fantasy scores for each week (not the actual stats)
- `ff_playerscores(sleeper_conn)`: Sleeper: Deprecated their open API endpoint for player scores

### See Also

`ff_scoringhistory`

### Examples

```
try({ # try only shown here because sometimes CRAN checks are weird
  conn <- espn_connect(season = 2020, league_id = 899513)

  ff_playerscores(conn, limit = 5)
}) # end try

try({ # try only shown here because sometimes CRAN checks are weird
  conn <- fleaflicker_connect(2020, 312861)
  ff_playerscores(conn, page_limit = 2)
}) # end try

try({ # try only shown here because sometimes CRAN checks are weird
  sfb_conn <- mfl_connect(2020, league_id = 65443)
  ff_playerscores(conn = sfb_conn, season = 2019, week = "YTD")
}) # end try
```

---

ff\_rosters

*Get League Rosters*

---

### Description

This function returns a tidy dataframe of team rosters

### Usage

```
ff_rosters(conn, ...)

## S3 method for class 'espn_conn'
ff_rosters(conn, week = NULL, ...)

## S3 method for class 'flea_conn'
```

```
ff_rosters(conn, ..., week = NULL)

## S3 method for class 'mfl_conn'
ff_rosters(conn, custom_players = deprecated(), week = NULL, ...)

## S3 method for class 'sleeper_conn'
ff_rosters(conn, ...)
```

### Arguments

conn	a conn object created by <code>ff_connect()</code>
...	arguments passed to other methods (currently none)
week	a numeric that specifies which week to return
custom_players	" <b>[Deprecated]</b> " - now returns custom players by default

### Value

A tidy dataframe of rosters, joined to basic player information and basic franchise information

### Methods (by class)

- `ff_rosters(espn_conn)`: ESPN: Returns all roster data.
- `ff_rosters(flea_conn)`: Fleaflicker: Returns roster data (minus age as of right now)
- `ff_rosters(mfl_conn)`: MFL: returns roster data
- `ff_rosters(sleeper_conn)`: Sleeper: Returns all roster data.

### Examples

```
try({ # try only shown here because sometimes CRAN checks are weird
  conn <- espn_connect(season = 2020, league_id = 899513)
  ff_league(conn)
}) # end try

try({ # try only shown here because sometimes CRAN checks are weird
  joe_conn <- ff_connect(platform = "fleaflicker", league_id = 312861, season = 2020)

  ff_rosters(joe_conn)
}) # end try

try({ # try only shown here because sometimes CRAN checks are weird
  ssb_conn <- ff_connect(platform = "mfl", league_id = 54040, season = 2020)
  ff_rosters(ssb_conn)
}) # end try

try({ # try only shown here because sometimes CRAN checks are weird
```

```
jml_conn <- ff_connect(platform = "sleeper", league_id = "522458773317046272", season = 2020)
ff_rosters(jml_conn)
}) # end try
```

ff\_schedule

*Get Schedule***Description**

This function returns a tidy dataframe with one row for every team for every weekly matchup

**Usage**

```
ff_schedule(conn, ...)

## S3 method for class 'espn_conn'
ff_schedule(conn, ...)

## S3 method for class 'flea_conn'
ff_schedule(conn, week = 1:17, ...)

## S3 method for class 'mfl_conn'
ff_schedule(conn, ...)

## S3 method for class 'sleeper_conn'
ff_schedule(conn, ...)
```

**Arguments**

conn	a conn object created by ff_connect()
...	for other platforms
week	a numeric or numeric vector specifying which weeks to pull

**Value**

A tidy dataframe with one row per game per franchise per week

**Methods (by class)**

- `ff_schedule(espn_conn)`: ESPN: returns schedule data, one row for every franchise for every week. Completed games have result data.
- `ff_schedule(flea_conn)`: Flea: returns schedule data, one row for every franchise for every week. Completed games have result data.
- `ff_schedule(mfl_conn)`: MFL: returns schedule data, one row for every franchise for every week. Completed games have result data.
- `ff_schedule(sleeper_conn)`: Sleeper: returns all schedule data

**Examples**

```
try({ # try only shown here because sometimes CRAN checks are weird
  espn_conn <- espn_connect(season = 2020, league_id = 899513)
  ff_schedule(espn_conn)
}) # end try
```

```
try({ # try only shown here because sometimes CRAN checks are weird
  conn <- fleaflipper_connect(season = 2019, league_id = 206154)
  ff_schedule(conn, week = 2:4)
}) # end try
```

```
try({ # try only shown here because sometimes CRAN checks are weird
  ssb_conn <- ff_connect(platform = "mfl", league_id = 54040, season = 2020)
  ff_schedule(ssb_conn)
}) # end try
```

```
try({ # try only shown here because sometimes CRAN checks are weird
  jml_conn <- ff_connect(platform = "sleeper", league_id = "522458773317046272", season = 2020)
  ff_schedule(jml_conn)
}) # end try
```

---

ff\_scoring

---

*Get League Scoring Settings*


---

**Description**

This function returns a dataframe with detailed scoring settings for each league - broken down by event, points, and (if available) position.

**Usage**

```
ff_scoring(conn)

## S3 method for class 'espn_conn'
ff_scoring(conn)

## S3 method for class 'flea_conn'
ff_scoring(conn)

## S3 method for class 'mfl_conn'
ff_scoring(conn)
```

```
## S3 method for class 'sleeper_conn'
ff_scoring(conn)

## S3 method for class 'template_conn'
ff_scoring(conn)
```

## Arguments

conn                      a conn object created by `ff_connect()`

## Value

A tibble of league scoring rules for each position defined.

## Methods (by class)

- `ff_scoring(espn_conn)`: ESPN: returns scoring settings in a flat table, override positions have their own scoring.
- `ff_scoring(flea_conn)`: Fleaflicker: returns scoring settings in a flat table, one row per position per rule.
- `ff_scoring(mfl_conn)`: MFL: returns scoring settings in a flat table, one row per position per rule.
- `ff_scoring(sleeper_conn)`: Sleeper: returns scoring settings in a flat table, one row per position per rule.
- `ff_scoring(template_conn)`: Template: returns MFL style scoring settings in a flat table, one row per position per rule.

## See Also

[http://www03.myfantasyleague.com/2020/scoring\\_rules#rules](http://www03.myfantasyleague.com/2020/scoring_rules#rules)

## Examples

```
try({ # try only shown here because sometimes CRAN checks are weird
  conn <- espn_connect(season = 2020, league_id = 899513)
  ff_scoring(conn)
}) # end try
```

```
try({ # try only shown here because sometimes CRAN checks are weird
  joe_conn <- ff_connect(platform = "flea_flicker", league_id = 312861, season = 2020)
  ff_scoring(joe_conn)
}) # end try
```

```
try({ # try only shown here because sometimes CRAN checks are weird
  ssb_conn <- ff_connect(platform = "mfl", league_id = 54040, season = 2020)
```





season	season a numeric vector of seasons (earliest available year is 1999)
...	other arguments

**Value**

A tidy dataframe of weekly fantasy scoring data, one row per player per week

**Methods (by class)**

- `ff_scoringhistory(espn_conn)`: ESPN: returns scoring history in a flat table, one row per player per week.
- `ff_scoringhistory(flea_conn)`: Fleaflicker: returns scoring history in a flat table, one row per player per week.
- `ff_scoringhistory(mfl_conn)`: MFL: returns scoring history in a flat table, one row per player per week.
- `ff_scoringhistory(sleeper_conn)`: Sleeper: returns scoring history in a flat table, one row per player per week.
- `ff_scoringhistory(template_conn)`: template: returns scoring history in a flat table, one row per player per week.

**See Also**

[https://www.nflfastr.com/reference/load\\_player\\_stats.html](https://www.nflfastr.com/reference/load_player_stats.html)

**Examples**

```
try({ # try only shown here because sometimes CRAN checks are weird
  conn <- espn_connect(season = 2020, league_id = 899513)
  ff_scoringhistory(conn, season = 2020)
}) # end try
```

```
try({ # try only shown here because sometimes CRAN checks are weird
  conn <- fleaflicker_connect(2020, 312861)
  ff_scoringhistory(conn, season = 2020)
}) # end try
```

```
try({ # try only shown here because sometimes CRAN checks are weird
  ssb_conn <- ff_connect(platform = "mfl", league_id = 54040, season = 2020)
  ff_scoringhistory(ssb_conn, season = 2020)
}) # end try
```

```
try({ # try only shown here because sometimes CRAN checks are weird
  conn <- ff_connect(platform = "sleeper", league_id = "522458773317046272", season = 2020)
  ff_scoringhistory(conn, season = 2020)
```

```

}) # end try

try({ # try only shown here because sometimes CRAN checks are weird
  template_conn <- ff_template(scoring_type = "sfb11", roster_type = "sfb11")
  ff_scoringhistory(template_conn, season = 2020)
}) # end try

```

ff\_standings

*Get Standings***Description**

This function returns a tidy dataframe of season-long fantasy team stats, including H2H wins as well as points, potential points, and all-play.

**Usage**

```

ff_standings(conn, ...)

## S3 method for class 'espn_conn'
ff_standings(conn, ...)

## S3 method for class 'flea_conn'
ff_standings(conn, include_allplay = TRUE, include_potentialpoints = TRUE, ...)

## S3 method for class 'mfl_conn'
ff_standings(conn, ...)

## S3 method for class 'sleeper_conn'
ff_standings(conn, ...)

```

**Arguments**

conn	a conn object created by ff_connect()
...	arguments passed to other methods (currently none)
include_allplay	TRUE/FALSE - return all-play win pct calculation? defaults to TRUE
include_potentialpoints	TRUE/FALSE - return potential points calculation? defaults to TRUE.

**Value**

A tidy dataframe of standings data

**Methods (by class)**

- `ff_standings(espn_conn)`: ESPN: returns standings and points data.
- `ff_standings(flea_conn)`: Fleaflicker: returns H2H/points/all-play/best-ball data in a table.
- `ff_standings(mfl_conn)`: MFL: returns H2H/points/all-play/best-ball data in a table.
- `ff_standings(sleeper_conn)`: Sleeper: returns all standings and points data and manually calculates allplay results.

**Examples**

```
try({ # try only shown here because sometimes CRAN checks are weird
  espn_conn <- espn_connect(season = 2020, league_id = 899513)
  ff_standings(espn_conn)
}) # end try
```

```
try({ # try only shown here because sometimes CRAN checks are weird
  conn <- fleaflicker_connect(season = 2020, league_id = 206154)
  x <- ff_standings(conn)
}) # end try
```

```
try({ # try only shown here because sometimes CRAN checks are weird
  ssb_conn <- ff_connect(platform = "mfl", league_id = 54040, season = 2020)
  ff_standings(ssb_conn)
}) # end try
```

```
try({ # try only shown here because sometimes CRAN checks are weird
  jml_conn <- ff_connect(platform = "sleeper", league_id = "522458773317046272", season = 2020)
  ff_standings(jml_conn)
}) # end try
```

**Description**

This function returns a tidy dataframe with one row for every starter (and bench) for every week and their scoring, if available.

**Usage**

```
ff_starters(conn, ...)

## S3 method for class 'espn_conn'
ff_starters(conn, weeks = 1:17, ...)

## S3 method for class 'flea_conn'
ff_starters(conn, week = 1:17, ...)

## S3 method for class 'mfl_conn'
ff_starters(conn, week = 1:17, season = NULL, ...)

## S3 method for class 'sleeper_conn'
ff_starters(conn, week = 1:17, ...)
```

**Arguments**

conn	the list object created by <code>ff_connect()</code>
...	other arguments (currently unused)
weeks	which weeks to calculate, a number or numeric vector
week	a numeric or one of YTD (year-to-date) or AVG (average to date)
season	the season of interest - generally only the most recent 2-3 seasons are available

**Value**

A tidy dataframe with every player for every week, including a flag for whether they were started or not

**Methods (by class)**

- `ff_starters(espn_conn)`: ESPN: returns who was started as well as what they scored.
- `ff_starters(flea_conn)`: Fleaflicker: returns who was started as well as what they scored.
- `ff_starters(mfl_conn)`: MFL: returns the player fantasy scores for each week (not the actual stats)
- `ff_starters(sleeper_conn)`: Sleeper: returns only "who" was started, without any scoring/stats data. Only returns season specified in initial connection object.

**Examples**

```
try({ # try only shown here because sometimes CRAN checks are weird
  conn <- espn_connect(season = 2020, league_id = 1178049)
  ff_starters(conn, weeks = 1:3)
}) # end try
```

```
try({ # try only shown here because sometimes CRAN checks are weird
```

```
conn <- fleaflicker_connect(season = 2020, league_id = 206154)
ff_starters(conn)
}) # end try

try({ # try only shown here because sometimes CRAN checks are weird
  dlf_conn <- mfl_connect(2020, league_id = 37920)
  ff_starters(conn = dlf_conn)
}) # end try

try({ # try only shown here because sometimes CRAN checks are weird
  jml_conn <- sleeper_connect(league_id = "522458773317046272", season = 2020)
  ff_starters(jml_conn, week = 3)
}) # end try
```

---

ff\_starter\_positions    *Get Starting Lineup Settings*

---

## Description

This function returns a tidy dataframe with positional lineup rules.

## Usage

```
ff_starter_positions(conn, ...)

## S3 method for class 'espn_conn'
ff_starter_positions(conn, ...)

## S3 method for class 'flea_conn'
ff_starter_positions(conn, ...)

## S3 method for class 'mfl_conn'
ff_starter_positions(conn, ...)

## S3 method for class 'sleeper_conn'
ff_starter_positions(conn, ...)

## S3 method for class 'template_conn'
ff_starter_positions(conn, ...)
```

## Arguments

conn	the list object created by ff_connect()
...	other arguments (currently unused)

**Value**

A tidy dataframe of positional lineup rules, one row per position with minimum and maximum starters as well as total starter calculations.

**Methods (by class)**

- `ff_starter_positions(espn_conn)`: ESPN: returns min/max starters for each main player position
- `ff_starter_positions(flea_conn)`: Fleaflicker: returns minimum and maximum starters for each player position.
- `ff_starter_positions(mfl_conn)`: MFL: returns minimum and maximum starters for each player position.
- `ff_starter_positions(sleeper_conn)`: Sleeper: returns minimum and maximum starters for each player position.
- `ff_starter_positions(template_conn)`: Template: returns minimum and maximum starters for each player position.

**Examples**

```
try({ # try only shown here because sometimes CRAN checks are weird
  conn <- espn_connect(season = 2020, league_id = 1178049)
  ff_starter_positions(conn)
}) # end try
```

```
try({ # try only shown here because sometimes CRAN checks are weird
  conn <- fleaflicker_connect(season = 2020, league_id = 206154)
  ff_starter_positions(conn)
}) # end try
```

```
try({ # try only shown here because sometimes CRAN checks are weird
  dlfdp_conn <- mfl_connect(2020, league_id = 33158)
  ff_starter_positions(conn = dlfdp_conn)
}) # end try
```

```
try({ # try only shown here because sometimes CRAN checks are weird
  jml_conn <- sleeper_connect(league_id = "652718526494253056", season = 2021)
  ff_starter_positions(jml_conn)
}) # end try
```

```
template_conn <- ff_template(roster_type = "idp")
ff_starter_positions(template_conn)
```

---

ff_template	<i>Default conn objects</i>
-------------	-----------------------------

---

## Description

This function creates a connection to a few league templates, and can be used instead of a real conn object in the following functions: `ff_scoring()`, `ff_scoringhistory()`, `ff_starterpositions()`.

## Usage

```
ff_template(
  scoring_type = c("ppr", "half_ppr", "zero_ppr", "sfb11"),
  roster_type = c("1qb", "superflex", "sfb11", "idp")
)
```

## Arguments

scoring_type	One of c("default", "ppr", "half_ppr", "zero_ppr", "te_prem", "sfb11")
roster_type	One of c("1qb", "superflex", "sfb11", "idp")

## Details

Scoring types defined here are:

- ppr: 6 pt passing/rushing/receiving touchdowns, 0.1 for rushing/receiving yards, 1 point per reception, -2 for fumbles/interceptions
- half\_ppr: same as ppr but with 0.5 points per reception
- zero\_ppr: same as ppr but with 0 points per reception
- te\_prem: same as ppr but TEs get 1.5 points per reception
- sfb11: SFB11 scoring as defined by <https://scottfishbowl.com>

Roster settings defined here are:

- 1qb: Starts 1 QB, 2 RB, 3 WR, 1 TE, 2 FLEX
- superflex: Starts 1 QB, 2 RB, 3 WR, 1 TE, 2 FLEX, 1 SUPERFLEX
- sfb11: Starts 1 QB, 2 RB, 3 WR, 1 TE, 3 FLEX, 1 SUPERFLEX (flex positions can also start a kicker)
- idp: Starts same as 1QB but also starts 3 DL, 3 LB, 3 DB, and two IDP FLEX

## Value

a connection object that can be used with `ff_scoring()`, `ff_scoringhistory()`, and `ff_starterpositions()`

---

ff_transactions	<i>Get League Transactions</i>
-----------------	--------------------------------

---

## Description

This function returns a tidy dataframe of transactions - generally one row per player per transaction per team. Each trade is represented twice, once per each team.

## Usage

```
ff_transactions(conn, ...)

## S3 method for class 'espn_conn'
ff_transactions(conn, limit = 1000, ...)

## S3 method for class 'flea_conn'
ff_transactions(conn, franchise_id = NULL, ...)

## S3 method for class 'mfl_conn'
ff_transactions(conn, transaction_type = "*", ...)

## S3 method for class 'sleeper_conn'
ff_transactions(conn, week = 1:17, ...)
```

## Arguments

conn	the list object created by ff_connect()
...	additional args for other methods
limit	number of most recent transactions to return
franchise_id	fleaflicker returns transactions grouped by franchise id, pass a list here to filter
transaction_type	parameter to return transactions of the specified type. Types are: WAIVER, BBID_WAIVER, FREE_AGENT, TRADE, IR, TAXI, AUCTION_INIT, AUCTION_BID, AUCTION_WON, or * for all. Can also pass a comma-separated string. Defaults to *. Note that only the types listed above are actually cleaned and processed by ffscraper - you will need to make a custom api request with mfl_getendpoint() to receive other things.
week	A week filter for transactions - 1 returns all offseason transactions. Default 1:17 returns all transactions.

## Value

A tidy dataframe of transaction data



**Methods (by class)**

- `ff_transactions(espn_conn)`: ESPN: returns adds, drops, and trades. Requires private/auth-cookie.
- `ff_transactions(flea_conn)`: Fleaflicker: returns all transactions, including free agents, waivers, and trades.
- `ff_transactions(mfl_conn)`: MFL: returns all transactions, including auction, free agents, IR, TS, waivers, and trades.
- `ff_transactions(sleeper_conn)`: Sleeper: returns all transactions, including free agents, waivers, and trades.

**Examples**

```
## Not run:
# Marked as don't run because this endpoint requires private authentication

conn <- espn_connect(
  season = 2020,
  league_id = 1178049,
  swid = Sys.getenv("TAN_SWID"),
  espn_s2 = Sys.getenv("TAN_ESPN_S2")
)
ff_transactions(conn)

## End(Not run)

try({ # try only shown here because sometimes CRAN checks are weird
  conn <- fleaflicker_connect(season = 2020, league_id = 312861)
  ff_transactions(conn)
}) # end try

try({ # try only shown here because sometimes CRAN checks are weird
  dlf_conn <- mfl_connect(2019, league_id = 37920)
  ff_transactions(dlf_conn)
}) # end try

try({ # try only shown here because sometimes CRAN checks are weird
  jml_conn <- ff_connect(platform = "sleeper", league_id = "522458773317046272", season = 2020)
  ff_transactions(jml_conn, week = 1:2)
}) # end try
```

---

ff_userleagues	<i>Get User Leagues</i>
----------------	-------------------------

---

**Description**

This function returns a tidy dataframe with one row for every league a user is in. This requires authentication cookies for MFL usage.

**Usage**

```
ff_userleagues(conn, ...)

## S3 method for class 'espn_conn'
ff_userleagues(conn = NULL, ...)

## S3 method for class 'flea_conn'
ff_userleagues(conn = NULL, user_email = NULL, season = NULL, ...)

## S3 method for class 'mfl_conn'
ff_userleagues(conn, season = NULL, ...)

## S3 method for class 'sleeper_conn'
ff_userleagues(conn = NULL, user_name = NULL, season = NULL, ...)
```

**Arguments**

conn	a connection object created by ff_connect()
...	arguments that may be passed to other methods (for method consistency)
user_email	the username to look up - defaults to user created in conn if available
season	the season to look up leagues for
user_name	the username to look up - defaults to user created in conn if available

**Value**

A tidy dataframe with one row for every league a user is in

**Methods (by class)**

- `ff_userleagues(espn_conn)`: ESPN: does not support a lookup of user leagues by email or user ID at this time.
- `ff_userleagues(flea_conn)`: flea: returns a listing of leagues for a given `user_email`
- `ff_userleagues(mfl_conn)`: MFL: With username/password, it will return a list of user leagues.
- `ff_userleagues(sleeper_conn)`: Sleeper: returns a listing of leagues for a given `user_id` or `user_name`

**See Also**

`fleaflutter_userleagues()` to call this function for flea leagues without first creating a connection object.

`sleeper_userleagues()` to call this function for Sleeper leagues without first creating a connection object.

---

fleaflutter_connect	<i>Connect to Fleaflutter League</i>
---------------------	--------------------------------------

---

**Description**

This function creates a connection object which stores parameters and a user ID if available.

**Usage**

```
fleaflutter_connect(
  season = NULL,
  league_id = NULL,
  user_email = NULL,
  user_agent = NULL,
  rate_limit = TRUE,
  rate_limit_number = NULL,
  rate_limit_seconds = NULL,
  ...
)
```

**Arguments**

season	Season to access on Fleaflutter - if missing, will guess based on system date (current year if March or later, otherwise previous year)
league_id	League ID
user_email	Optional - attempts to get user's user ID by email
user_agent	User agent to self-identify (optional)
rate_limit	TRUE by default - turn off rate limiting with FALSE
rate_limit_number	number of calls per rate_limit_seconds, suggested is under 1000 calls per 60 seconds
rate_limit_seconds	number of seconds as denominator for rate_limit
...	other arguments (for other methods, for R compat)

**Value**

a list that stores Fleaflutter connection objects

---

fleaflutter\_getendpoint

*GET any Fleaflutter endpoint*


---

### Description

The endpoint names and HTTP parameters (i.e. argument names) are CASE SENSITIVE and should be passed in exactly as displayed on the Fleaflutter API reference page.

### Usage

```
fleaflutter_getendpoint(endpoint, ...)
```

### Arguments

endpoint	a string defining which endpoint to return from the API
...	Arguments which will be passed as "argumentname = argument" in an HTTP query parameter

### Details

Check out the vignette for more details and example usage.

### Value

A list object containing the query, response, and parsed content.

### See Also

<https://www.fleaflutter.com/api-docs/index.html>  
 vignette("fleaflutter\_getendpoint")

---

fleaflutter\_players

*Fleaflutter players library*


---

### Description

A cached table of Fleaflutter NFL players. Will store in memory for each session! (via memoise in zzz.R)

### Usage

```
fleaflutter_players(conn, page_limit = NULL)
```

**Arguments**

conn	a conn object created by <code>ff_connect()</code>
page_limit	A number limiting the number of players to return, or NULL (default) returns all

**Value**

a dataframe containing all ~7000+ players in the Fleaflicker database

**Examples**

```
try({ # try only shown here because sometimes CRAN checks are weird
  conn <- fleaflutter_connect(2020, 312861)
  player_list <- fleaflutter_players(conn, page_limit = 2)
}) # end try
```

---

fleaflutter\_userleagues

*Fleaflutter - Get User Leagues*

---

**Description**

This function returns the leagues that a specific user is in. This variant can be used without first creating a connection object.

**Usage**

```
fleaflutter_userleagues(user_email, season = NULL)
```

**Arguments**

user_email	the username to look up
season	the season to return leagues from - defaults to current year based on heuristics

**Value**

a dataframe of leagues for the specified user

**See Also**

[ff\\_userleagues\(\)](#)

---

mfl\_connect

---

*Connect to MFL League*


---

### Description

This function creates a connection object which stores parameters and gets a login-cookie if available

### Usage

```
mfl_connect(
  season = NULL,
  league_id = NULL,
  APIKEY = NULL,
  user_name = NULL,
  password = NULL,
  user_agent = NULL,
  rate_limit = TRUE,
  rate_limit_number = NULL,
  rate_limit_seconds = NULL,
  ...
)
```

### Arguments

season	Season to access on MFL - if missing, will guess based on system date (current year if March or later, otherwise previous year)
league_id	league_id Numeric ID parameter for each league, typically found in the URL
APIKEY	APIKEY - optional - allows access to private leagues. Key is unique for each league and accessible from Developer's API page (currently assuming one league at a time)
user_name	MFL user_name - optional - when supplied in conjunction with a password, will attempt to retrieve authentication token
password	MFL password - optional - when supplied in conjunction with user_name, will attempt to retrieve authentication token
user_agent	A string representing the user agent to be used to identify calls - may find improved rate_limits if verified token
rate_limit	TRUE by default, pass FALSE to turn off rate limiting
rate_limit_number	number of calls per rate_limit_seconds, suggested is 60 calls per 60 seconds
rate_limit_seconds	number of seconds as denominator for rate_limit
...	silently swallows up unused arguments

**Value**

a connection object to be used with `ff_*` functions

**Examples**

```
mfl_connect(season = 2020, league_id = 54040)
mfl_connect(season = 2019, league_id = 54040, rate_limit = FALSE)
```

---

mfl_getendpoint	<i>GET any MFL endpoint</i>
-----------------	-----------------------------

---

**Description**

Create a GET request to any MFL export endpoint.

**Usage**

```
mfl_getendpoint(conn, endpoint, ...)
```

**Arguments**

<code>conn</code>	the list object created by <code>mfl_connect()</code>
<code>endpoint</code>	a string defining which endpoint to return from the API
<code>...</code>	Arguments which will be passed as "argumentname = argument" in an HTTP query parameter

**Details**

This function will read the connection object and automatically pass in the rate-limiting, league ID (L), authentication cookie, and/or API key (APIKEY) if configured in the connection object.

The endpoint names and HTTP parameters (i.e. argument names) are CASE SENSITIVE and should be passed in exactly as displayed on the MFL API reference page.

Check out the vignette for more details and example usage.

**Value**

A list object containing the query, response, and parsed content.

**See Also**

[https://api.myfantasyleague.com/2020/api\\_info?STATE=details](https://api.myfantasyleague.com/2020/api_info?STATE=details)  
 vignette("mfl\_getendpoint")

---

mfl_players	<i>MFL players library</i>
-------------	----------------------------

---

**Description**

A cached table of MFL players. Will store in memory for each session! (via memoise in zzz.R)

**Usage**

```
mfl_players(conn = NULL)
```

**Arguments**

conn	optionally, pass in a conn object generated by ff_connect to receive league-specific custom players
------	---

**Value**

a dataframe containing all ~2000+ players in the MFL database

**Examples**

```
try({ # try only shown here because sometimes CRAN checks are weird
  player_list <- mfl_players()
  dplyr::sample_n(player_list, 5)
}) # end try
```

---

nflfastr_rosters	<i>Import nflfastr roster data</i>
------------------	------------------------------------

---

**Description**

Deprecated in favour of [nflreadr::load\\_rosters\(\)](#)

**Usage**

```
nflfastr_rosters(...)
```

**Arguments**

...	deprecated
-----	------------



---

nflfastr_stat_mapping	<i>Mappings for nflfastr to fantasy platform scoring</i>
-----------------------	--

---

**Description**

A small helper dataframe for connecting nflfastr to specific fantasy platform rules.

**Usage**

nflfastr\_stat\_mapping

**Format**

A data frame with ~85 rows and 3 variables:

- nflfastr\_event** the column name of the statistic in the nflfastr\_weekly dataset
- platform** specific platform that this mapping applies to
- ff\_event** name of the statistic for that platform

---

nflfastr_weekly	<i>Import latest nflfastr weekly stats</i>
-----------------	--

---

**Description**

Deprecated in favour of [nflreadr::load\\_player\\_stats\(\)](#)

**Usage**

nflfastr\_weekly(...)

**Arguments**

... deprecated

---

sleeper_connect	<i>Connect to Sleeper League</i>
-----------------	----------------------------------

---

## Description

This function creates a connection object which stores parameters and a user ID if available.

## Usage

```
sleeper_connect(
  season = NULL,
  league_id = NULL,
  user_name = NULL,
  user_agent = NULL,
  rate_limit = TRUE,
  rate_limit_number = NULL,
  rate_limit_seconds = NULL,
  ...
)
```

## Arguments

season	Season to access on Sleeper - if missing, will guess based on system date (current year if March or later, otherwise previous year)
league_id	League ID (currently assuming one league at a time)
user_name	Sleeper user_name - optional - attempts to get user's user ID
user_agent	User agent to self-identify (optional)
rate_limit	TRUE by default - turn off rate limiting with FALSE
rate_limit_number	number of calls per rate_limit_seconds, suggested is under 1000 calls per 60 seconds
rate_limit_seconds	number of seconds as denominator for rate_limit
...	other arguments (for other methods)

## Value

a list that stores Sleeper connection objects

---

sleeper_draft	<i>Get Sleeper Draft</i>
---------------	--------------------------

---

**Description**

This function retrieves drafts by sleeper's draft ID. This better supports mock drafts.

**Usage**

```
sleeper_draft(draft_id)
```

**Arguments**

draft_id	draft ID as found in URL e.g. "https://sleeper.com/draft/nfl/draft_id"
----------	--

**Value**

draft dataframe

---

sleeper_getendpoint	<i>GET any Sleeper endpoint</i>
---------------------	---------------------------------

---

**Description**

The endpoint names and HTTP parameters (i.e. argument names) are CASE SENSITIVE and should be passed in exactly as displayed on the Sleeper API reference page.

**Usage**

```
sleeper_getendpoint(endpoint, ...)
```

**Arguments**

endpoint	a string defining which endpoint to return from the API
...	Arguments which will be passed as "argumentname = argument" in an HTTP query parameter

**Details**

Check out the vignette for more details and example usage.

**Value**

A list object containing the query, response, and parsed content.

**See Also**

<https://docs.sleeper.com>  
 vignette("sleeper\_getendpoint")

---

sleeper_players	<i>Sleeper players library</i>
-----------------	--------------------------------

---

**Description**

A cached table of Sleeper NFL players. Will store in memory for each session! (via memoise in zzz.R)

**Usage**

```
sleeper_players()
```

**Value**

a dataframe containing all ~7000+ players in the Sleeper database

**Examples**

```
try({ # try only shown here because sometimes CRAN checks are weird
  x <- sleeper_players()
  dplyr::sample_n(x, 5)
}) # end try
```

---

sleeper_userleagues	<i>Sleeper - Get User Leagues</i>
---------------------	-----------------------------------

---

**Description**

This function returns the leagues that a specific user is in. This variant can be used without first creating a connection object.

**Usage**

```
sleeper_userleagues(user_name, season = NULL)
```

**Arguments**

user_name	the username to look up
season	the season to return leagues from - defaults to current year based on heuristics

**Value**

a dataframe of leagues for the specified user

**See Also**

[ff\\_userleagues\(\)](#)

---

%>%

*Pipe operator*

---

**Description**

See [magrittr::%>%](#) for details.

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